Science

Plants Y2

Remember when

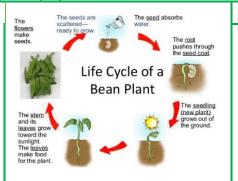
Seeds, bulbs and plants grow. (EYFS)

Deciduous trees lose their leaves in the autumn and evergreen trees have green leaves all year round. (Y1) Named parts of a plant include petals, fruits, roots, bulbs, seeds, stem, trunks and branches. (Y1)

Names of common garden plants and common wild plants (Y1)

Sticky knowledge:

- Plants grow from either seeds or bulbs
- Germination is when seeds and bulbs grow into seedlings
- Children will know mature plants have flowers, fruit and berries
- Children will know some plants grow better in full sun and others in shade.
- Children will know plants need different amounts of water to grow well
- Children will know that some plants grow well in a warm temperature and others in a cold temperature



Key vocabulary absorb petals bulb reproduce flower roots fruits seed growth seedling healthy soil leaf/ leaves stem life cycle sunlight mature temperature nutrients water light warm shade cool

National Curriculum:

Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants

Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.

Common Misconceptions

Some children may think:

- plants are not alive as they cannot be seen to move
- · seeds are not alive
- all plants start out as seeds
- seeds and bulbs need sunlight to germinate- they have a store of food already so don't need sun to germinate

LO	Knowledge and Skills	Lesson outline		
Lesson 1 LO: To know that	Sticky Knowledge: Plants grow from either seeds or bulbs Skill: gathering and recording data to help answer questions	Recap knowledge from Y1 on plants. What do you already know about plants and how they grow/survive? Do all plants grow the same?		
plants grow from seeds and bulbs		All pupils - Children plant seeds (sunflower seeds, marigolds, daffodils) and bulbs and look at packets to see what they will grow into. How tall will they grow?		
Enquiry Type: pattern seeking		Investigate whether there is a pattern between the size of the seed and the height of the plant it grows into. Use the heights from the seed packets to do this.		
		Cross-curricular computing evidence (Purple Mash) - Create a chart by sticking the seeds in order and finding out how tall they will grow.		
		LA – Pictogram		
		ARE/GDS - bar chart with scale in 1s		
Lesson 2	Sticky Knowledge:	Discuss - What will happen to the seeds and bulbs we planted last lesson?		
LO: To know the	Germination is when seeds and bulbs grow into seedlings	Learn about the life cycle of a plant including the word germination.		
life cycle of a plant		Observe a sunflower seed grown in a clear cup (from Lesson 1) and start a diary in their books to observe how it grows. Draw 4 different stages of growth over the next few weeks.		
Enquiry Type: Observation	Skill: observing closely using simple equipment LA/ARE - Sort pictures to show the life cycle of a sunflower. Sort key was match each stage.			
		GDS – Sort pictures to show the life cycle of a sunflower and label each stage.		
Lesson 3	Sticky Knowledge:	Recap the life cycle of a plant from last week. Look at different plants at differe points in the life cycle but focusing particularly on fruit and flowers. Show pupils the flower of each plant and the fruit. You could show them how apples and pears etc develop from the flower. Does the size of the fruit affect the size of the seeds it produces?		
LO: To know that mature plants have flowers, fruit and berries and	Mature plants have flowers, fruit and berries			
these produce seeds, which	Skill: identifying and classifying	Explain that the fruit, berries and nuts carry the seed to make a new plant to start the life cycle again in a new plant.		
grow into new plants.		In books - Children could sort pictures into fruit, flowers, berries, nuts.		

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Enquiry Type: Observation/ Grouping and classifying Lesson 4 LO: To know what plants need to grow and survive Enquiry Type: Observation/ comparative testing	Sticky Knowledge: Children will know some plants grow better in full sun and others in shade. Skill: observing closely using simple equipment	Plenary- set up experiment for next week. Explain they are going to find out what plants need to grow- what do they think? Show them some ready grown cress and talk about where to put them so one gets sun and one doesn't. What do you think will happen? Look at the plants set up last lesson. What happened? Discuss the difference in appearance and the affect lack of sun has had on the plant. Does it look healthy? Would it survive here? In books – Complete relevant part of their worksheet to record their observations on the two plants (one with sun and one without) Explain that not all plants survive in full sun and that some prefer the shade. Look at seed packets again to compare full sun, partial sun and shady plants. Recap what they thought plants needed to grow well. How could we find out whether plants need water to grow? Children make suggestions and discuss as a class. Set up enquiry for next week with ready grown cress.	
Lesson 5	Sticky Knowledge:	Look at the plants set up last lesson.	What happened? Discuss the difference in
LO: To know what plants need to grow and survive	Children will know plants need different amounts of water to grow well	Look at the plants set up last lesson. What happened? Discuss the difference in appearance and the affect lack of water has had on the plant. Does it look healthy? Would it survive like this? In books – Complete relevant part of their worksheet to record their observations on the two plants (one with water and one without)	
Enquiry Type: Observation/ comparative testing	Skill: performing simple tests	Explain that different plants require different amounts of water. Look at seed packets again to compare. Recap what they thought plants needed to grow well. How could we find out whether plants need warm or cold temperatures to grow? Children make suggestions and discuss as a class. Set up enquiry for next week with ready grown cress.	
Lesson 6 LO: To know what plants need to grow and survive	Sticky Knowledge: Children will know that some plants grow well in a warm temperature and others in a cold temperature	Look at the plants set up last lesson. What happened? Discuss the difference in appearance and the affect a cold/warm temperature has had on the plant. Does it look healthy? Would it survive here?	
		In books – Complete relevant part of their worksheet to record their observations on the two plants (one in warm temperature and one in the cold)	
Enquiry Type: Observation/ comparative testing	Skill: observing closely using simple equipment	Explain that some plants grow well in a warm temperature and others in a cold temperature. Look at various examples for both. Summarise - Do all types of plants need the same thing? Look at plants from around the world in different climates (cactus, water lillies, sunflowers etc). Look at seed packets- what does it say about the amount of sun, water, temperature.	
Working towards	Wo	End of unit assessment orking at Age related expectations	Working at a greater depth