Art

Form Year 6

National curriculum

- -To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- -To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
- -To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history.

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| Key knowledge and skills – Year 6 | Vocabulary | | |
| Sticky Knowledge Henry Moore was born in Yorkshire Henry Moore's best-known work features massive bronze sculptures. These are usually abstract versions of the human form and often contain hollow spaces. Giacometti was born in Switzerland Giacometti's sculptures of the human form became larger, thinner and more elongated as the years passed by Giacometti once said that he wasn't sculpting the human body but rather the shadow it cast. An armature provides a structure to sculpt over | Shape Form Model Join Properties Media Mod roc Carve Moulds Armature | | |
| Exploring and Developing Ideas Compare ideas and methods in the work of artists Drorm Shape, form, model and join with confidence Take into account the properties of the materials being used Papier mache over more complex moulds Drawing Produce increasingly detailed preparatory drawings for painting and other work Evaluating and Deepening Work Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them | | | |

Henry Moore Giacometti Wire and mod roc Tin foil

| Learning Objective | Lesson outline | |
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| Lesson 1: Investigate | Artist Research- Henry Moore and Giacometti. Gather information using secondary sources. Henry Moore: Biography - About Henry Moore - Henry Moore Foundation (henry-moore.org) | |
| LO: To compare the sculptures by Henry Moore and Giacometti and understand the techniques used to | | |
| make them | Giacometti: Alberto Giacometti 1901–1966 Tate | |
| Sticky Knowledge: | Similiarities and differences. What do you notice about the shapes used? What do you think Henry Moore's sculptures represent? What materials are used to create his sculptures? How do you think the sculptures were created? | |
| . Henry Moore was born in | | |
| Yorkshire . Henry Moore's best-known work | | |
| features massive bronze | | |
| sculptures. These are usually abstract versions of the human | | |
| form and often contain hollow spaces. | Explain to the children that now were clear on who Henry Moore and Giacometti and what type of art they created, we can now look at the | |

sculptures in detail and analyse how we could recreate them.

| Giacometti was born in Switzerland Giacometti's sculptures of the human form became larger, thinner and more elongated as the years passed by Giacometti once said that he wasn't sculpting the human body but rather the shadow it cast. Art Skills: Compare ideas and methods in the work of artists | Refer to sticky knowledge facts through | out | |
|---|---|----------------------------|--|
| Lesson 2: Focus practical tasks | Recap prior learning from the previous lesson. | | |
| LO: To know how to use armature to create a sculpture | Show the children the resources and a created piece made from tin foil in the style of Giacometti and a piece in the style of Henry Moore made with plastercine | | |
| Sticky Knowledge: An armature provides a structure to sculpt over | Explain the steps and process of making etc piece- less able children may need adult support. Each child makes their own (Focus practical not own piece) | | |
| Art Skills: Shape, form, model and join with confidence | Ensure pictures are taken at each stage | | |
| John With Confidence | Children to choose one to cover in modroc | | |
| Lesson 3: Focus practical tasks | Children make different 3D shapes- focus on limbs of the sculpturers by rolling | | |
| LO: To know how to create shapes | thin tubes of paper and balls of paper, bending and twisting into shapes and using masking tape to fix them together. | | |
| using paper armature | Evaluate the effectiveness- children to identify what they would change in | | |
| Art Skills: Take into account the properties of the materials being used | preparation for the final design | | |
| Lesson 4: Planning | In groups, design a large sculpture based on Henry Moore- could be a figure, animal etc- in the style of Henry Moore and Giacometti | | |
| LO: To plan a large-scale sculpture | - Children to create a final design label with what it's made of and steps | | |
| Art Skills: Produce increasingly detailed preparatory drawings for painting and other work | on how it will be created | | |
| Lesson 5: Final piece | Work in pairs to build the armature of their sculpture using rolled and | | |
| LO: To build a large-scale sculpture using paper armature | scrunched paper and moulding it into shape using masking tape. Cover the armature in papier mache | | |
| Art Skills: Shape, form, model and join with confidence | | | |
| Papier mache over more complex moulds | | | |
| Lesson 6: Final Piece and | Children to evaluate what went well and | what they would change | |
| Evaluation | Photo to be taken. | - | |
| LO: To evaluate their sculpture | | | |
| Art Skills: Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about it | | | |
| Working towards | End of unit assessment Working at Age related expectations | Working at a greater depth | |
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