Art

Architecture and Printing Year 4

National curriculum

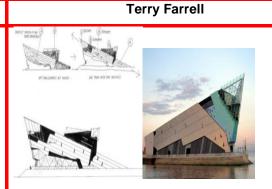
- -To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.
- -To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay].
- -To learn about great artists, architects and designers in history.

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Key Knowledge and skills – Year 4	Vocabulary				
Sticky Knowledge	Print				
- Early Roman architecture borrowed heavily from Greek architecture.	Mono				
- Roman architecture was famous for arches, colosseums, aqueducts, and	Relief				
domes.	Ink				
-Terry Farrell is a famous British Architect and Urban designer.	Draw				
-The Deep was designed by Terry Farrell and built in 2002.	Line				
- Terry Farrell has designed buildings around the world, including Hong Kong,	Shape				
London, Hull and China.	Perspective				
	Proportion				
Art Skills	Scale				
	Architecture				
Exploring and Developing Ideas Collect and record ideas of architecture from the past and by Tarry Farrall	Architect				
-Collect and record ideas of architecture from the past and by Terry Farrell.	Urban				
Drawing	Arches				
<u>Drawing</u> -Introduce concepts of scale and proportion.	Colosseums				
-Introduce concepts of scale and proportionCreate accurate line drawings.					
-Use H or HB pencil for technical drawings.					
-Ose IT OF TIB perior for technical drawings.					
Printing					
-Use their own drawing to create a mono print					
-Experiment and explore images created by using printing technique.					
-Understand the process of mono printing to create an image.					
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Evaluating and Deepening Work					
-Compare ideas, methods, and approaches in their own and others' work, and					
say what they think and feel about them.					

Monoprint Roman Architecture Terry Farrel







Lesson outline

Lesson 1: Investigate - Arch

LO: To know about Ancient Roman architecture and collect ideas.

Sticky Knowledge: Early Roman architecture borrowed heavily from Greek architecture.

Roman architecture was famous for arches, colosseums, aqueducts, and domes.

What do the children already know about Roman Architecture?

Show the children a range of Roman architecture, especially arches, columns, domes etc and investigate these.

Roman Architecture - Bing video

What shapes are used? Why?

What are similar and what are different?

Where did Roman architecture come from? Sticky knowledge

Art Skills: Collect and record ideas of architecture from the past.

Children use sketch books to create a page with pictures and drawings of various aspects of Roman Architecture such as the colosseum, domes and aqueducts

LA/SEN- Children to use pictures to create a range of Roman architecture. (Sketch if want to)

HA- Sketch a few examples of the Roman architecture they are given. Can they see similarities and differences between the buildings?

Lesson 2: Investigate

Introduce British architect 'Terry Farrell'

LO: To know about Terry Farrell and his work as an architect and Have the children ever heard of him or his work?

urban designer.

Terry Farrell designed 'The Deep'. What does the Deep look like? Why do you think this?

Sticky Knowledge: Terry Farrell is a famous British Architect and Urban designer. Look at other buildings and urban projects that he has designed.

The Deep was designed by Terry Farrell and built in 2002. Discuss how different periods of history can be seen in the designs. Show examples- can the children guess the period?

Terry Farrell has designed buildings around the world, Some of the buildings are futurist. What is futurist? What might be included in these buildings compared to the others viewed?

including Hong Kong, London, Hull and China.

Children use sketchbooks, create a page with pictures and drawings of Terry Farrell's buildings and urban projects. Annotate with likes, dislikes, shapes, etc.

LA/SEN- Give the children the facts and designs of Terry Farrell and they are to

Art Skills: Collect and record ideas of architecture by Terry Farrell.

create a page of information on him. HA- As above but using a range of information and independent research

Lesson 3: Focus Practical tasks

Introduce the children to simple mono printing.

LO: To experiment with mono printing to produce images.

What does mono mean?

Art Skills: Experiment and

Make a monoprint the easy way – (thebigpictureartproject.com)

explore images created by using printing technique.

Children can experiment and draw simple shapes and lines onto Plexiglas

What patterns or shapes could they draw?

Understand the process of mono printing to create an image.

How will they keep it 'clean'

Children to continue to draw their pattern or lines until they are happy with it and then print on to the Plexiglas using the techniques from the video. Leave to dry.

LA/SEN- Children to create a mono print sing simple lines and shapes. Encourage to continue until they are happy

HA- Can the children make a more complex mono print using various styles or patterns?

Lesson 4:

Introduce the children to mono printing using a picture

LO: To create a mono print by using a picture/image.

Make a monoprint the easy way – (thebigpictureartproject.com)

To compare ideas, methods, and approaches in their own and others' work.

The children will follow the process of last lesson using mono printing but this time it will be focused around Roman and modern architecture.

LA/SEN - Children to choose whether they would like to recreate a Roman print or modern print. Support when needed but confidence in this task should have been built up from last lesson.

HA- Can the children make a mono print of both Roman and modern prints?

Discuss which was more complex. Why?

Art Skills: Understand the process of mono printing to create an image.					
Compare ideas, methods, and approaches in their own and others' work, and say what they think and feel about them					
Lesson 5:	Children will be reminded of Roman architecture, paying attention to shapes, proportion and scale.				
LO: To use pencil with control to	What pattens can they see on the buildings?				
create a line drawing.	Recap previous steps with modern architecture.				
Art Skills: Introduce concepts of scale and proportion.	Children will be creating a drawing that they can use to create their own line drawing. Roman/modern architecture as inspiration. What do they like about the images shown. Why? Would they be able to recreate any of these aspects				
Create accurate line drawings.	within in their own?				
Use H or HB pencil for technical drawings.	Children need to create a simple line drawing of a building. Explain about the importance of straight lines, shapes, proportions, and scale. (No shading)				
	When creating their own line drawings focus on intricacy/detail.				
	Can the children remember what pencils are best for what jobs when sketching?				
	LA/SEN- Map out where they need to start- scale (if struggling)				
	HA- Can they recreate an aspect of Terry Farrells architecture in their own line drawing? What would they include on a modern building opposed to a Roman building? Why?				
Lesson 6: Final piece	Using their own line drawing from last lesson, create a mono print.				
LO: To create their own monoprint using their own	Children can use a range of coloured paper for the backgrounds to tie in with the modern feel of the unit and repeat with other colours				
drawing.	Follow the previous steps for mono printing.				
To compare ideas, methods,	Make a monoprint the easy way – (thebigpictureartproject.com)				
and approaches in their own and others' work.	Remind the children of issues arisen last time we did this and how we could overcome these this time?				
Art Skills: Use their own	Evaluate the effect				
drawing to create a monoprint	Was it what you were hoping for? If not, why?				
Understand the process of mono printing to create an	What they would do differently next time?				
image.	LA/SEN- Sentence starters/cloze procedure for evaluation. More independence for practical based on precious lessons on same task				
Compare ideas, methods, and approaches in their own and others' work, and say what they think and feel about them	HA- Various coloured backgrounds. More in-depth evaluation referring to Roman and modern architecture against their own				
Working towards	End of unit assessment Working at Age related expectations Working at a greater depth				
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